

Scalable Synthesis Method for n-PBDF

A selenium-catalyzed, scalable route to high-conductivity n-PBDF for printable electronics and sensors.

Researchers at Purdue University have developed cost-effective and scalable methods for the polymerization of n-doped poly(benzodifurandione) (n-PBDF) utilizing new catalysts. Unlike other n-type conducting polymers, which are usually poorly conductive and highly unstable, n-PBDF shows excellent electrical, electronic, optical and electrochemical properties, as well as solution processability and thin film durability. However, existing methods for the synthesis of n-PBDF are hampered by the high cost of oxidative reagents used, slow dialysis processes, or poor scalability of the polymerization when utilizing copper. Purdue researchers have developed a new synthetic method using a cost effective and efficient selenium-based catalyst enabling industrial production of n-PBDF. With their innovative new synthesis methods, these researchers have opened the door for wider use in large-scale production of cost-effective conductive ink. This ink will have applications in printed electronics and beyond, including energy storage, sensors, and bioelectronics.

Technology Validation:

The polymerization reaction shows high conversion (> 99%) of the starting material monomer, verified using ^1H and ^{13}C NMR. When measured with the four-point probe method, the polymer was shown to display electrical conductivity above 5000 S cm^{-1} . In addition, Dynamic Light Scattering measurements were used to characterize the polymer hydrodynamic diameter, and time-dependent ultraviolet-visible-near infrared absorption measurements were conducted to determine reaction time for the polymerization of monomer. Finally, scalability was demonstrated via scale up reactions and spin casting of the n-PBDF as a polymer ink onto a glass substrate.

Advantages:

- n-type conductor
- Low-cost

Technology ID

2024-MEI-70456

Category

Chemicals & Advanced
Materials/Specialty &
Performance Chemicals
Chemicals & Advanced
Materials/Polymer Science &
Smart Materials
Computing/Photonic & Optical
Computing Technologies

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- High conductivities
- Non-toxic
- High yield
- Easily processable (simple, fast purification)
- Scalable (large area films fabricated)

Applications:

- Optoelectronics
- Printable electronics
- Energy storage
- Sensors
- Bioelectronics

Publications:

"Selenium Dioxide Catalyzed Polymerization of N-doped Poly(benzodifurandione) (n-PBDF) and Its Derivatives." Dr. Guangchao Liu, Hsuan-Hao Hsu, Dr. Sanket Samal, Dr. Won-June Lee, Dr. Zhifan Ke, Dr. Liyan You, Prof. Brett M. Savoie, Prof. Jianguo Mei. *Angewandte Chemie*, 22 October 2024. <https://doi.org/10.1002/anie.202418668>.

TRL: 4

Intellectual Property:

Provisional-Gov. Funding, 2024-07-18, United States | Provisional-Gov. Funding, 2024-11-19, United States | PCT-Gov. Funding, 2025-06-10, WO