Mixing Control in Therapeutic Samples using Schlieren

A portable, efficient, and real-time Schlieren-based technology non-intrusively detects and visualizes inconsistencies in liquid samples, ensuring quality control for therapeutic and commercial solutions.

Researchers at Purdue University have developed a real-time monitoring technology that detects and visualizes heterogeneities in liquid samples, such as proteins, antigens, and other pharmaceutical solutions. Utilizing an all-lens Schlieren setup, the technology ensures sample consistency by non-intrusively detecting heterogeneities. Antigen, antibodies, and other therapeutic biomolecule solutions are often frozen for storage and shipping purposes. This freezing and thawing process can induce internal stresses in samples, resulting in aggregation, heterogeneities, and overall reduction in quality. Therefore, monitoring is crucial to ensure samples are properly mixed before using it in desired applications.

This Schlieren-based concentration gradient visualization tool is a novel and transformative technology for studying the impact of freezing, thawing, and mixing conditions of liquid samples, notably on therapeutic solutions. Unlike the standard ELISA, this mixing control technology is faster and provides real-time analysis. It generates affordable solutions with a swift development timeline and is applicable to a wide range of therapeutic samples. This technology's portability and accuracy in quantifying concentration gradients are superior compared to fractionating the sample or injecting it out in small amounts. The technology provides an efficient way to control sample mixing without leading to undesirable instabilities.

Technology Validation:

Researchers validated this technology by measuring the diffusion coefficients of sample solutions. A sharp stratification was created between a solution of known concentration (at the bottom) and water (at the top) following visualization using the Schlieren architecture. The sample heterogeneity can be quantified by relating these light intensity variations to concentration gradients.

Technology ID

2021-ARDE-69507

Category

Pharmaceuticals/Biopharmaceuti Materials Science & Nanotechnology/Materials Testing & Characterization Tools Biotechnology & Life Sciences/Analytical & Diagnostic Instrumentation

Authors

Arezoo Ardekani Sadegh Dabiri Rishabh More

Further information

Dipak Narula dnarula@prf.org

View online



Advantages: