Combination of Solid Adsorbents and Liquid Cosolvents to Increase HMF Yields from Glucose

A novel method significantly increases high-yield production of 5hydroxymethylfurfural (HMF) from glucose, resulting in lower side products for sustainable polymers and chemicals manufacturing.

5-hydroxymethylfurfural (HMF) is a value-added product that can be upgraded into polymers, pharmaceuticals, and biofuels through a number of well-researched processes. One such polymer is a renewably sourced polymer, polyethylene furanoate (PEF), which is similar to the petroleum based polyethylene terephthalate (PET). Large scale usage of PEF and other HMF upgraded products are hindered by current HMF production methods which are lower yield due to incomplete consumption of glucose and various side reactions. Researchers at Purdue University have developed a novel method to increase HMF yields from a glucose source. Through experimentation, Purdue researchers demonstrate that HMF yield increases by >200 percent while a significant reduction in polymerization of HMF to side products is observed by using Purdue's method.

Advantages:

- -Higher Yields of HMF
- -Lower undesirable products from side reactions

Potential Applications:

- -HMF production
- -Sustainable plastics production

TRL: 4

Intellectual Property:

Technology ID

2019-MOSI-68623

Category

Chemicals & Advanced
Materials/Polymer Science &
Smart Materials
Chemicals & Advanced
Materials/Green & Bio-Based
Chemistry
GreenTech/Sustainable
Packaging Materials

Authors

Nathan Scott Mosier Jonathan Overton

Further information

Aaron Taggart adtaggart@prf.org

View online



Provisional-Patent, 2019-05-24, United States | Utility-Gov. Funding, 2020-05-05, United States

Keywords: 5-hydroxymethylfurfural, HMF, polyethylene furanoate, PEF, glucose conversion, high yield HMF production, sustainable plastics, valueadded products, biofuels, renewable polymers